



**Section A [52 marks]**

Answer **all** questions in this section.

- 1 (a)** Express as a single fraction in its simplest form

(i)  $\frac{1}{2x} - \frac{2}{5x}$ ,

*Answer* ..... [1]

(ii)  $\frac{4}{x} + \frac{7}{x-3}$ .

*Answer* ..... [2]

(b) A function is defined by  $f(x) = \frac{2x - 3}{4}$ .

(i) Find  $f(2)$ .

Answer ..... [1]

(ii) Given that  $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$ , find the values of  $c$  and  $d$ .

Answer  $c = \dots$   $d = \dots$  [2]

(iii) Given that  $f(g) = -g$ , find the value of  $g$ .

Answer ..... [2]

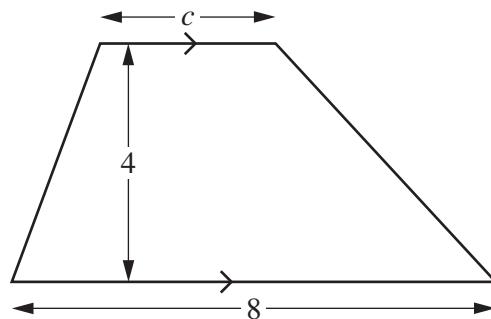
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- 2 (a) The formula for the area of a trapezium is  $A = \frac{1}{2}h(c + d)$ .

- (i) Find an expression for  $c$  in terms of  $A$ ,  $h$  and  $d$ .

Answer ..... [2]

(ii)



The diagram shows a trapezium with dimensions given in centimetres.

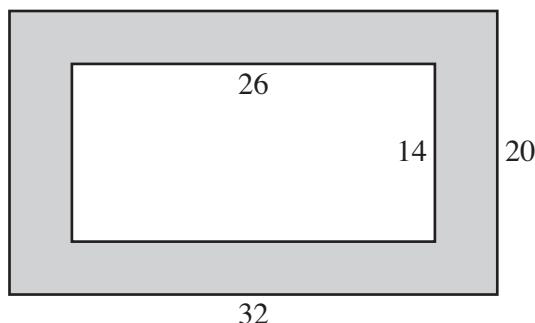
The perpendicular distance between the parallel lines is 4 cm.

The area of the trapezium is  $22 \text{ cm}^2$ .

Find  $c$ .

Answer ..... [1]

(b)



In the diagram, the shaded area represents a rectangular picture frame.

The outer rectangle is 32 cm by 20 cm.

The inner rectangle is 26 cm by 14 cm.

All measurements are given to the nearest centimetre.

- (i) Calculate the lower bound of the perimeter of the outer rectangle.

Answer ..... cm [2]

- (ii) Calculate the upper bound of the area of the frame.

Answer .....  $\text{cm}^2$  [3]

3



The letters spelling the word BANANA are written on six tiles.

- (a) Find the probability that a tile chosen at random has the letter N on it.  
Give your answer as a fraction in its simplest form.

*Answer* ..... [1]

- (b) The six tiles are placed in a bag.  
Three tiles are chosen at random without replacement.  
The first is placed in Position 1, the second in Position 2 and the third in Position 3.

\_\_\_\_\_

Position 1

\_\_\_\_\_

Position 2

\_\_\_\_\_

Position 3

- (i) Find the probability that the three tiles spell BAN.  
Give your answer as a fraction in its simplest form.

*Answer* ..... [2]

- (ii) The tiles are now replaced and the process is repeated.

Find the probability that the three tiles spell either ANN or ANA.  
Give your answer as a fraction in its simplest form.

*Answer* ..... [2]

4  $u_n$  is the  $n$ th term of the sequence 4, 7, 10, 13, .....

(a) (i) Write down an expression, in terms of  $n$ , for  $u_n$ .

Answer ..... [1]

(ii) Hence find the 20th term of the sequence.

Answer ..... [1]

(b)  $v_n$  is the  $n$ th term of the sequence 15, 13, 11, 9, .....

(i) Write down an expression, in terms of  $n$ , for  $v_n$ .

Answer ..... [1]

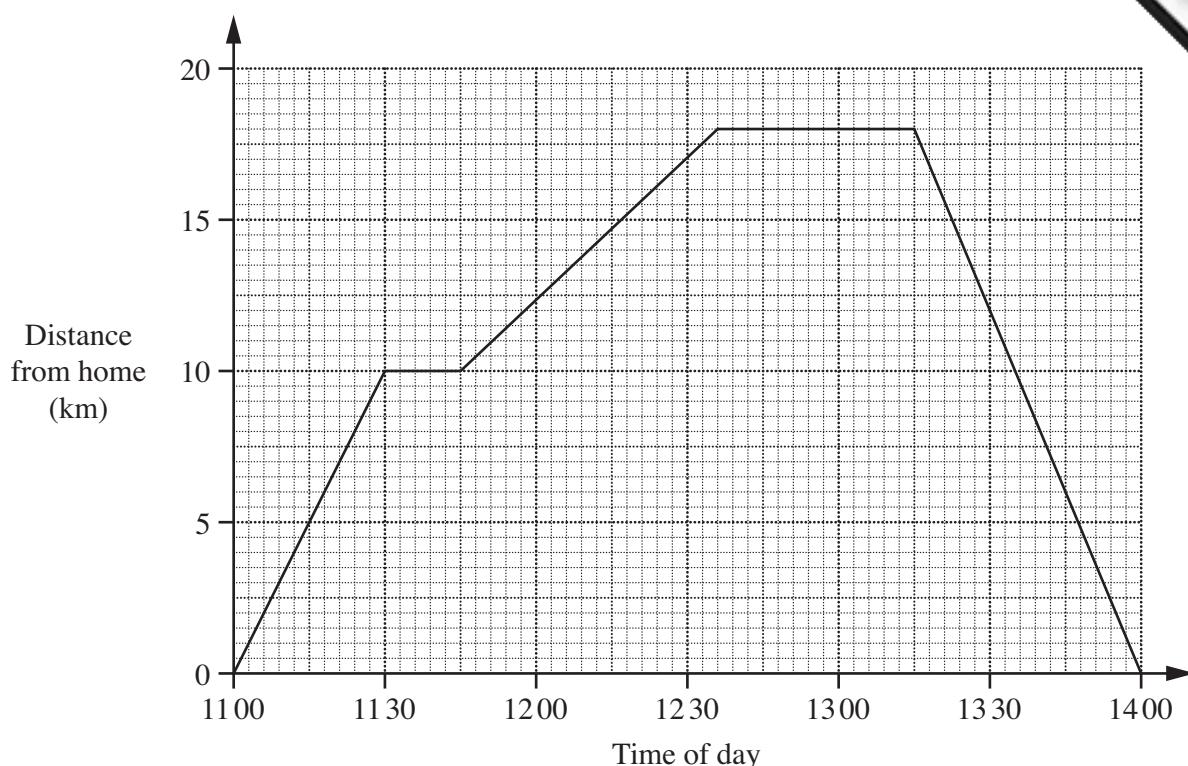
(ii)  $w_n$  is the  $n$ th term of another sequence that is obtained by multiplying  $u_n$  by  $v_n$ .

Given that  $w_n = 17 + kn - 6n^2$ , find  $k$ .

Answer ..... [1]

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5



The distance-time graph shows Ravi's cycle journey.

He sets out from home and cycles to a park.

After a short stop at the park, he then continues his journey to a shopping centre.

He stops for lunch at the shopping centre before cycling home.

- (a) At what time does Ravi arrive at the park?

*Answer* ..... [1]

- (b) How many minutes does Ravi spend at the shopping centre?

*Answer* ..... minutes [1]

- (c) How far is the park from the shopping centre?

*Answer* ..... km [1]

- (d) At what speed does Ravi cycle home?  
Give your answer in kilometres per hour.

*Answer* ..... km/h [1]

- (e) Between which two places did Ravi cycle slowest?

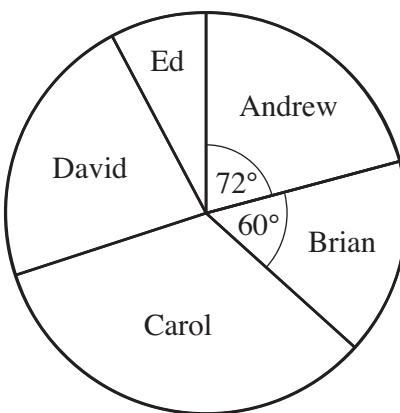
*Answer* ..... and ..... [1]

- (f) Salim, Ravi's brother, sets out from home at 11 15.  
He cycles directly to the shopping centre at a constant speed of 15 km/h.

Who arrives at the shopping centre first?  
How many minutes later does his brother arrive?

*Answer* ..... arrives first and his brother arrives ..... minutes later. [2]

- 6 The pie chart, not drawn accurately, represents the weekly income of the five employees in a small British company in 2009.



Andrew's weekly income is represented by a sector with an angle of  $72^\circ$ .  
Brian's weekly income is represented by a sector with an angle of  $60^\circ$ .

- (a) Andrew's weekly income was £270.

Find the total weekly income of the five employees.

Answer £ ..... [1]

- (b) Calculate Brian's weekly income.

Answer £ ..... [1]

- (c) Carol's weekly income was £405.

Calculate the angle of the sector representing Carol's weekly income.

Answer ..... [1]

- (d) David's weekly income was twice as much as Ed's weekly income.

Calculate David's weekly income.

*Answer £ ..... [2]*

- (e) Andrew paid 20% of his weekly income of £270 as tax.  
He also paid 6% of his weekly income of £270 towards his pension.

How much of his weekly income did he have left after paying tax and pension?

*Answer £ ..... [2]*

- (f) Carol paid 20% of her weekly income of £405 as tax.  
She also paid  $x\%$  of her weekly income towards her pension.  
She then had £287.55 of her weekly income left.

Find  $x$ .

*Answer ..... [3]*

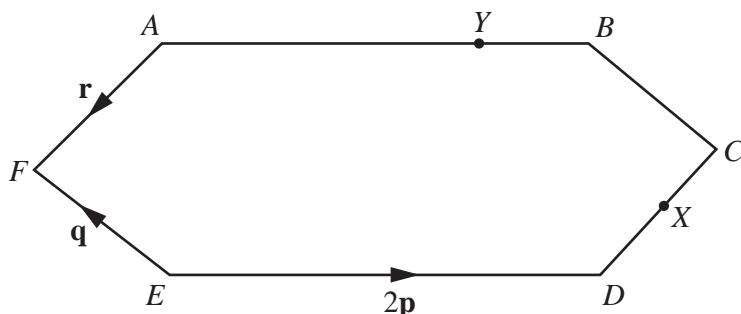
- (g) Andrew's weekly income of £270 in 2009 was 8% more than his weekly income in 2008.

Find his weekly income in 2008.

*Answer £ ..... [2]*

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7 (a)



In the diagram,  $ABCDEF$  is a hexagon with rotational symmetry of order 2.

$$\overrightarrow{ED} = 2\mathbf{p}, \quad \overrightarrow{EF} = \mathbf{q} \quad \text{and} \quad \overrightarrow{AF} = \mathbf{r}.$$

$X$  is the midpoint of  $CD$  and  $Y$  is the point on  $AB$  such that  $AY : YB$  is  $3 : 1$ .

- (i) How many lines of symmetry does  $ABCDEF$  have?

Answer ..... [1]

- (ii) Express, as simply as possible, in terms of one or more of the vectors  $\mathbf{p}$ ,  $\mathbf{q}$  and  $\mathbf{r}$ ,

(a)  $\overrightarrow{EA}$ ,

Answer ..... [1]

(b)  $\overrightarrow{FC}$ ,

Answer ..... [1]

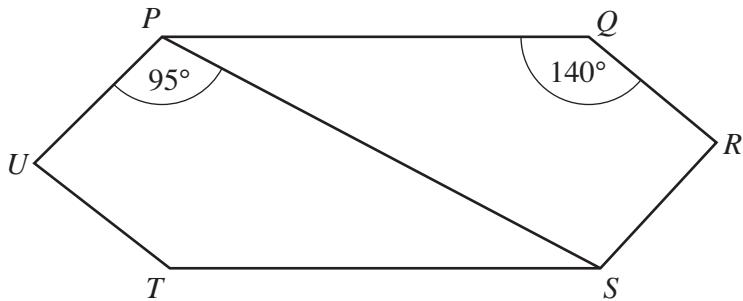
(c)  $\overrightarrow{FY}$ ,

Answer ..... [1]

(d)  $\overrightarrow{YX}$ .

Answer ..... [1]

(b)



$PQRSTU$  is a similar hexagon to  $ABCDEF$ .

$U\hat{P}S = 95^\circ$  and  $P\hat{Q}R = 140^\circ$ .

Find

(i)  $Q\hat{P}S$ ,

Answer ..... [1]

(ii)  $P\hat{S}R$ ,

Answer ..... [1]

(iii)  $P\hat{U}T$ .

Answer ..... [1]

**Section B [48 marks]**

Answer **four** questions in this section.

Each question in this section carries 12 marks.

8 (a)  $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 4 \\ -3 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$ .

Find

(i)  $2\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}$ ,

*Answer*

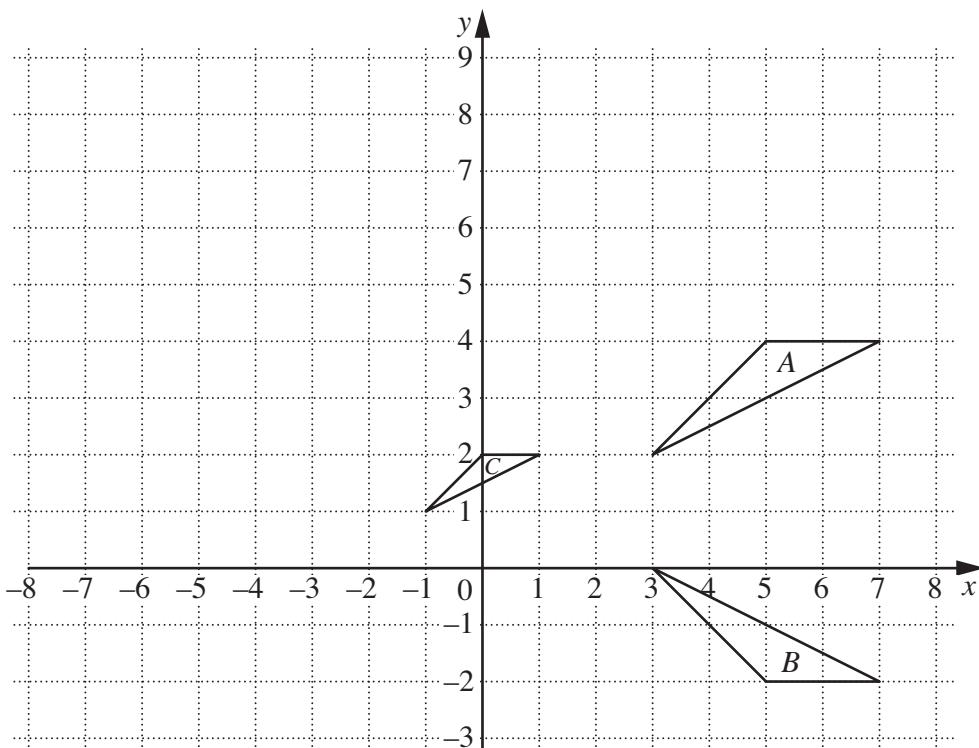
[2]

(ii)  $\mathbf{B}^{-1}$ .

*Answer*

[2]

- (b) The diagram shows triangles  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$ .



- (i) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle  $A$  onto triangle  $B$ .

*Answer* ..... [2]

..... [2]

- (ii) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle  $A$  onto triangle  $C$ .

*Answer* ..... [2]

..... [2]

- (iii) Another transformation is represented by the matrix  $\mathbf{P}$ , where  $\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ . This transformation maps triangle  $A$  onto triangle  $D$ .

Find the vertices of triangle  $D$ .

*Answer* (....., ....) (....., ....) (....., ....) [2]

- (iv) Describe fully the **single** transformation represented by the matrix  $\mathbf{P}$ .

*Answer* ..... [2]

..... [2]

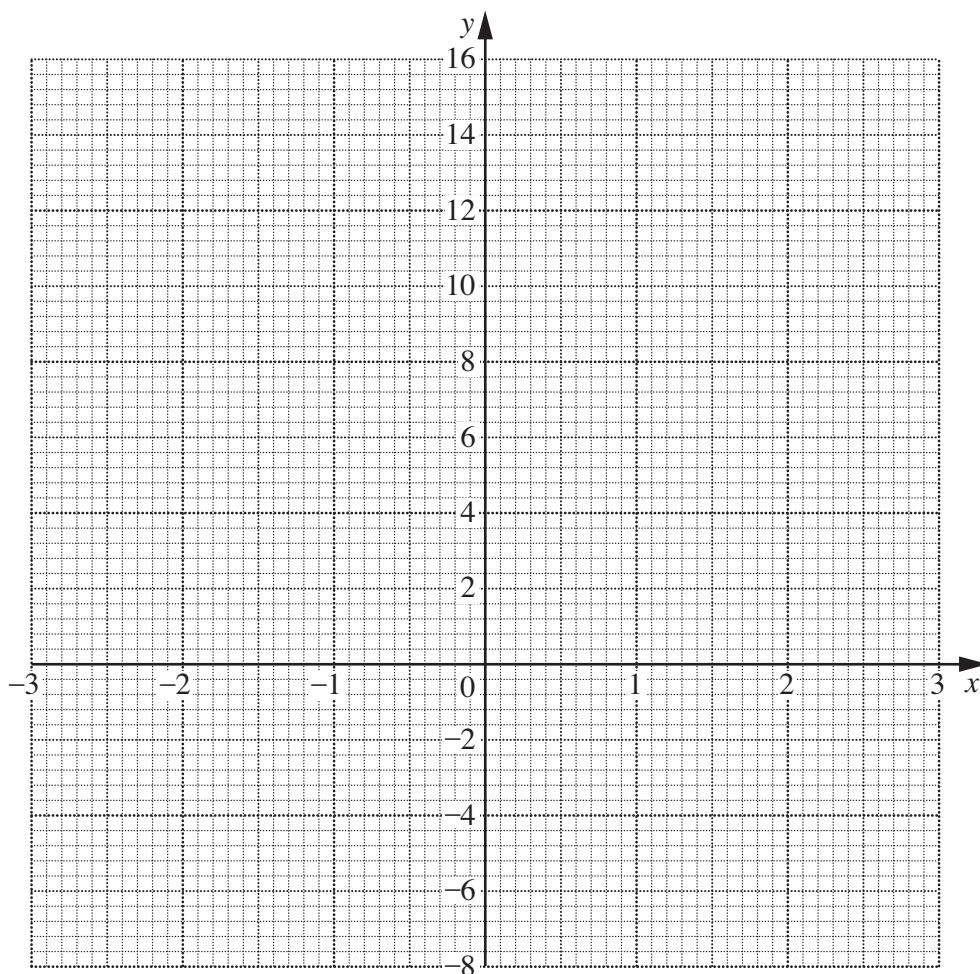
- 9 The table below shows some of the values of  $x$  and the corresponding values of  $y$  for

$$y = (2x - 3)(x + 2).$$

$x$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$y$	9	0			-3	4	15

- (a) Complete the table. [1]

- (b) On the axes below, plot the points from the table and join them with a smooth curve.



[2]

(c) Use your graph to

- (i) solve the equation  $(2x - 3)(x + 2) = 2$ ,

Answer ..... [1]

- (ii) find the minimum value of  $y$ ,

Answer ..... [1]

- (iii) find the gradient of the curve at  $(2, 4)$ .

Answer ..... [2]

- (d) (i) Show that the  $x$ -coordinates of the points where  $y = (2x - 3)(x + 2)$  and  $y = 1 - 2x$  would intersect are the solutions of the equation

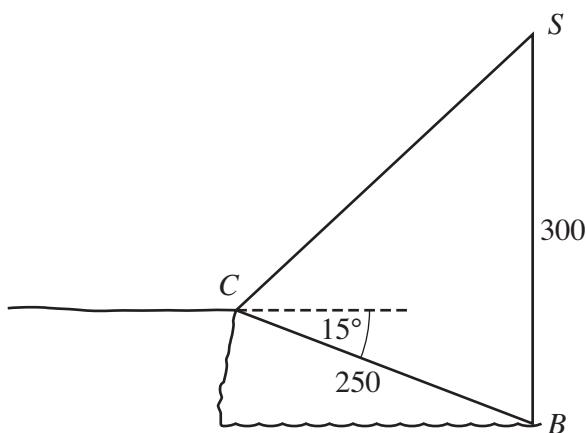
$$2x^2 + 3x - 7 = 0.$$

[1]

- (ii) Solve **algebraically** the equation  $2x^2 + 3x - 7 = 0$ , giving each answer correct to 2 decimal places.

Answer  $x = \dots$  or  $\dots$  [4]

10



The angle of depression of a buoy,  $B$ , from a point,  $C$ , on a cliff is  $15^\circ$ .

The distance  $BC$  is 250 m.

A seagull,  $S$ , hovers so that it is vertically above  $B$  and  $SB = 300$  m.

- (a) (i) Find  $\hat{S}BC$ .

*Answer* ..... [1]

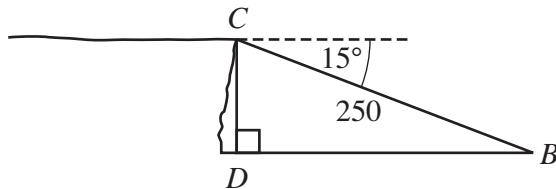
- (ii) Find  $SC$ .

*Answer* ..... m [3]

- (iii) Find the angle of elevation of  $S$  from  $C$ .

*Answer* ..... [3]

(b)



$D$  is a marker at sea level vertically below  $C$  and due west of  $B$ .

- (i) Find  $DB$ .

Answer ..... m [2]

- (ii)  $M$  is a marker at sea level 200 m from  $B$  and  $DBM = 30^\circ$ .

Find the area of triangle  $DBM$ .

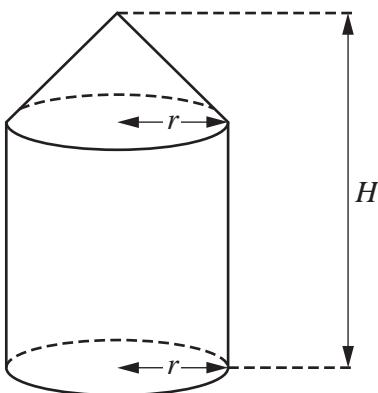
Answer ..... m<sup>2</sup> [2]

- (iii)  $N$  is a marker at sea level due south of  $B$  and  $DN = 450$  m.  
A boat sails on a circular course through  $D$ ,  $B$  and  $N$ .

Write down the radius of the circle.

Answer ..... m [1]

- 11 [Volume of a cone =  $\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$ ]



The solid above consists of a cone with base radius  $r$  centimetres on top of a cylinder of radius  $r$  centimetres.

The height of the cylinder is twice the height of the cone.

The total height of the solid is  $H$  centimetres.

- (a) Find an expression, in terms of  $\pi$ ,  $r$  and  $H$ , for the volume of the solid.  
Give your answer in its simplest form.

*Answer* ..... [3]

- (b) It is given that  $r = 10$  and the height of the cone is 15 cm.

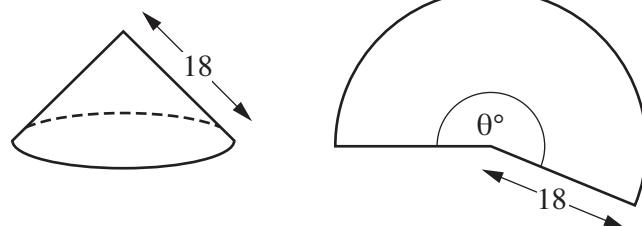
- (i) Show that the slant height of the cone is 18.0 cm, correct to one decimal place.

- (ii) Find the circumference of the base of the cone.

Answer ..... cm [2]

- (iii) The curved surface area of the cone can be made into the shape of a sector of a circle with angle  $\theta^\circ$ .

Show that  $\theta$  is 200, correct to the nearest integer.



[2]

- (iv) Hence, or otherwise, find the **total** surface area of the solid.

Answer .....  $\text{cm}^2$  [3]

- 12** The time taken by each of 320 students taking a Physics test was recorded.  
The following table shows a distribution of their times.

Time ( $m$ minutes)	$60 < m \leq 70$	$70 < m \leq 80$	$80 < m \leq 90$	$90 < m \leq 100$	$100 < m \leq 110$	$110 < m \leq 120$
Frequency	24	92	104	68	24	8

- (a)** Complete the cumulative frequency table below.

Time ( $m$ minutes)	$m \leq 60$	$m \leq 70$	$m \leq 80$	$m \leq 90$	$m \leq 100$	$m \leq 110$	$m \leq 120$
Cumulative frequency	0	24	116				

[1]

- (b)** For this part of the question use the graph paper opposite.

- (i)** Using a scale of 2 cm to represent 10 minutes, draw a horizontal  $m$ -axis for  $60 \leq m \leq 120$ .  
Using a scale of 1 cm to represent 20 students, draw a vertical axis for cumulative frequencies from 0 to 320.  
On your axes, draw a smooth cumulative frequency curve to illustrate the information.

[3]

- (ii)** Use your graph to estimate

- (a)** the median,

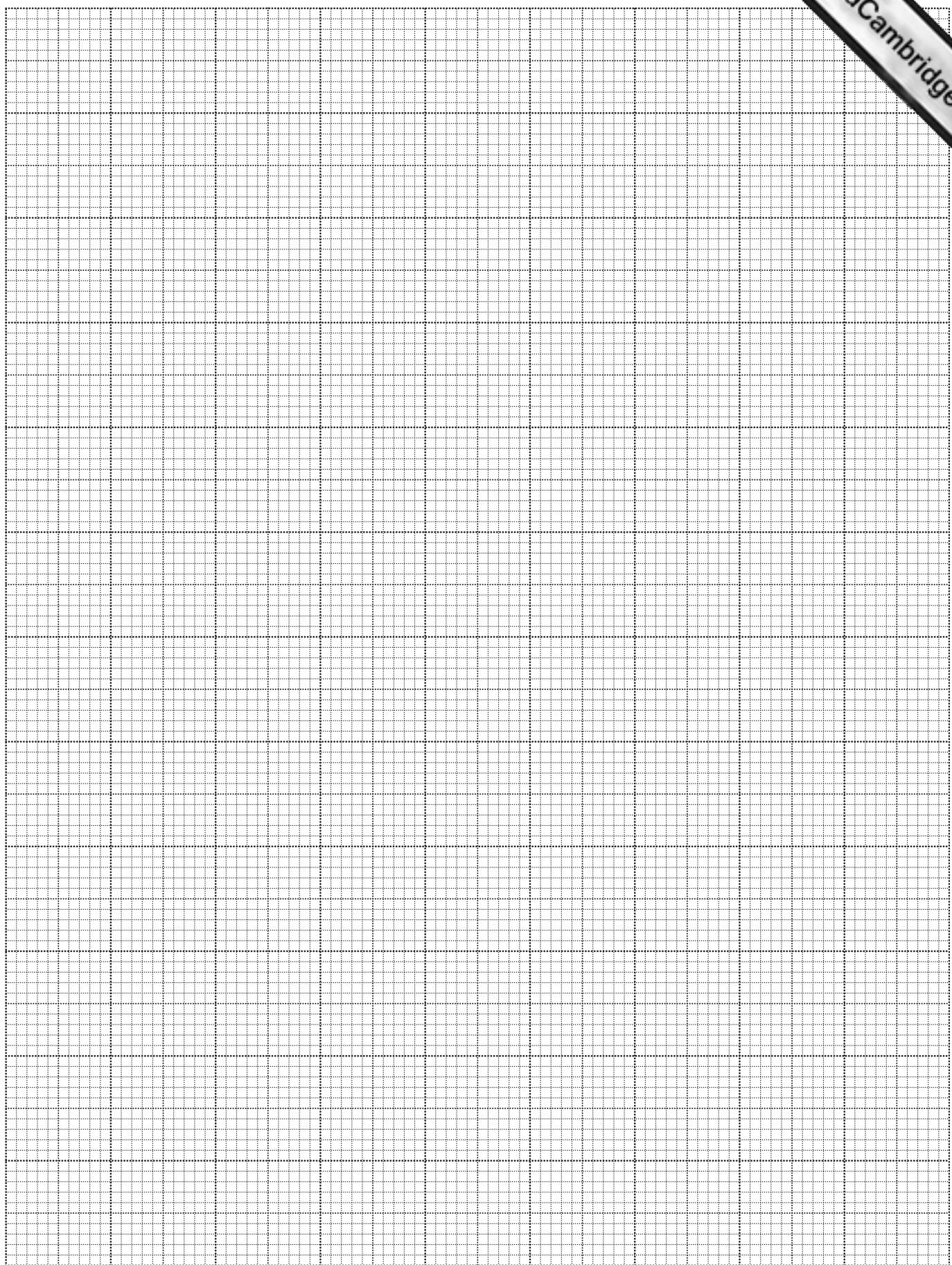
*Answer* ..... minutes [1]

- (b)** the interquartile range,

*Answer* ..... minutes [2]

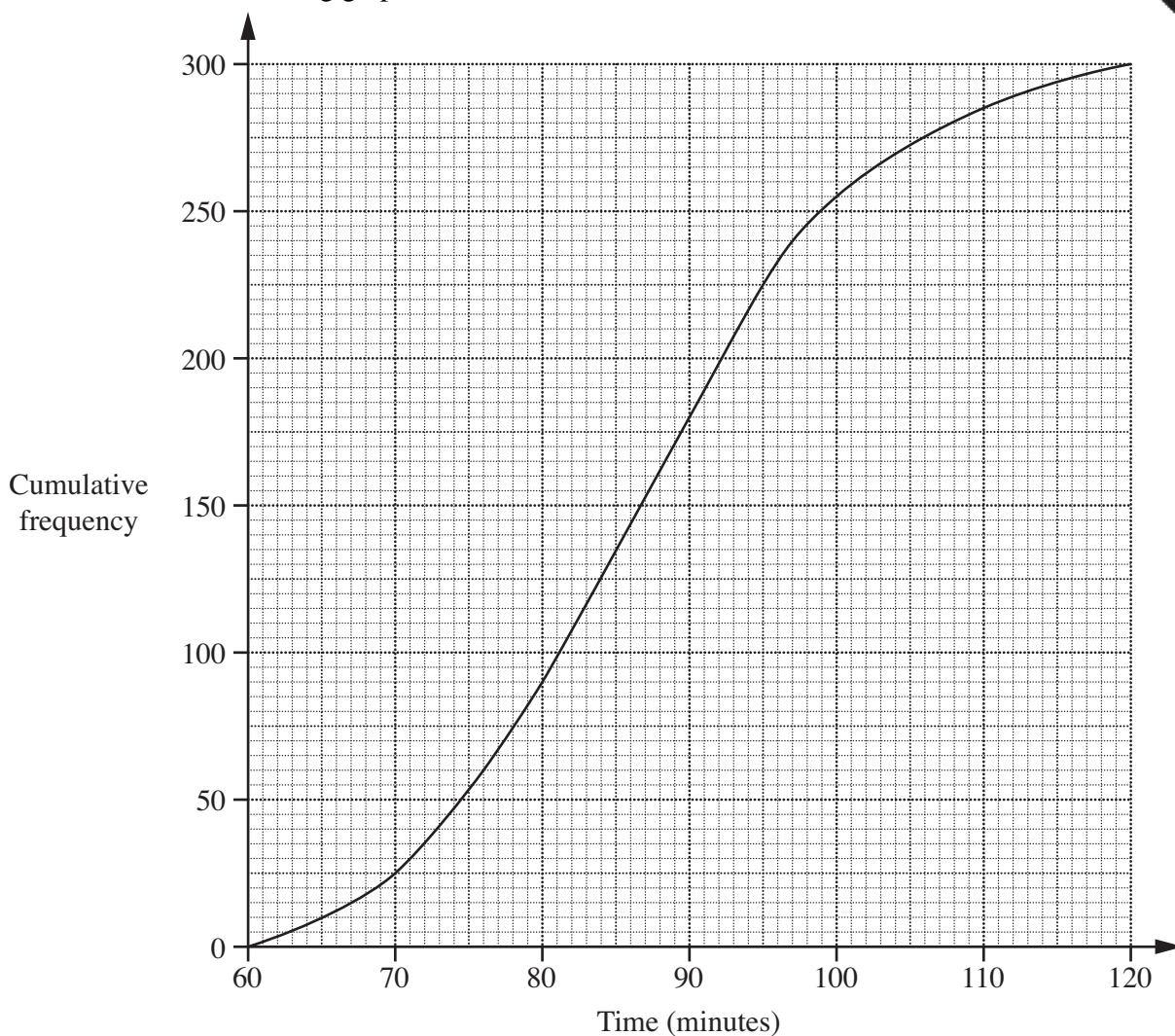
- (c)** the percentage of students who took at least 95 minutes to complete the test.

*Answer* ..... [2]



Please turn over for the rest of this question.

- (iii) A group of 300 students of similar ability took an equivalent test the previous year. The following graph shows a distribution of their times.



- (a) Find the 20th percentile.

Answer ..... minutes [1]

- (b) Find the percentage of students who took at least 95 minutes to complete the test.

Answer ..... [1]

- (c) Hence make a comparison between the two tests.

Answer .....  
..... [1]